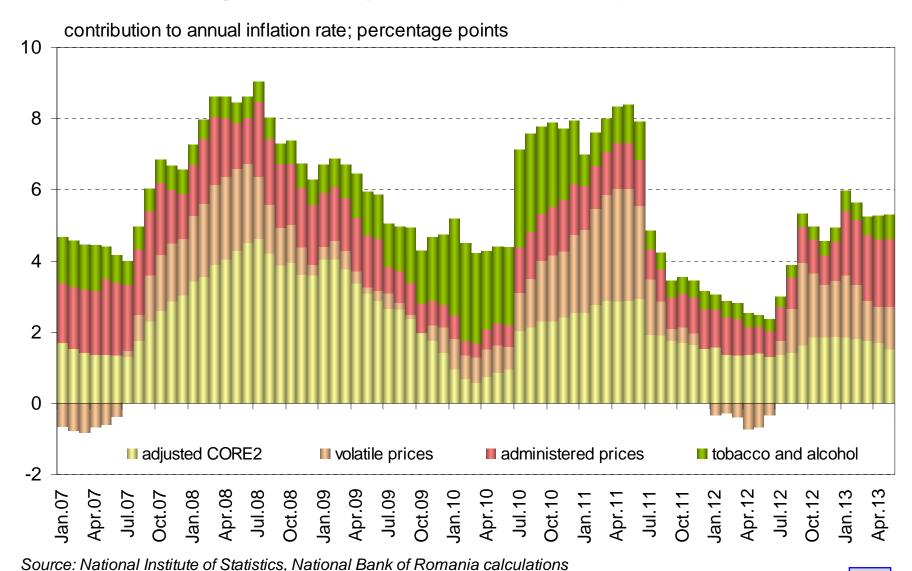


Contents

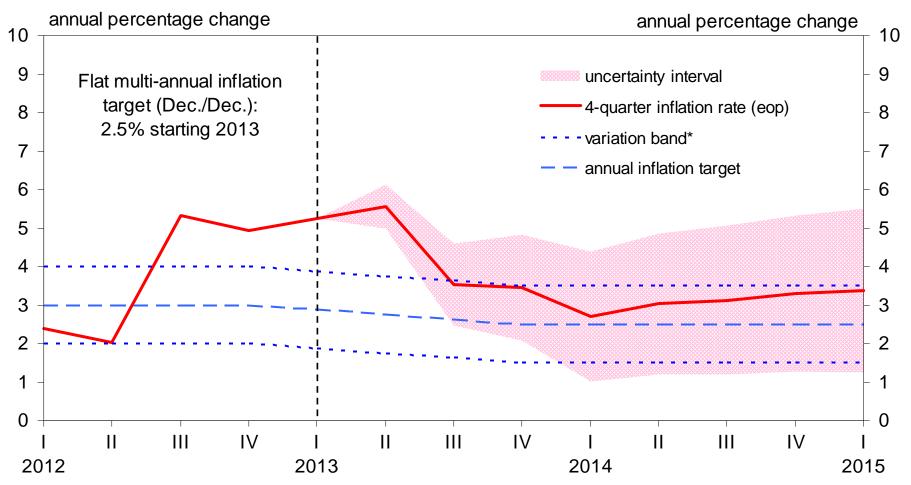
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Macroeconomic Developments

Inflation followed an uneven downward path, its volatility being largely brought about by the non-core components ...



...and is seen reentering the NBR target band in the latter half of 2013



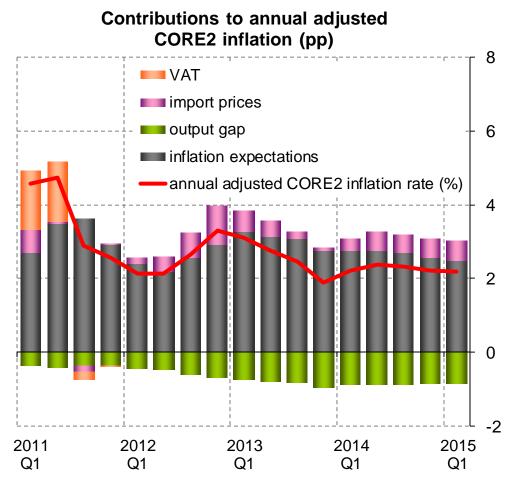
^{*) ±1} percentage point around the central target

Note: According to the May 2013 Inflation Report. The uncertainty interval was calculated based on the forecast errors of the annual CPI inflation rate in the NBR projections during 2005-2012. The forecast errors are positively correlated to the time horizon to which they refer.

Source: National Institute of Statistics, National Bank of Romania projections and calculations

Determinants of annual adjusted CORE2 inflation projection

- Inflation expectations* are seen abating over the projection interval, under the impact of an adequate monetary policy stance and of the anticipated absence of adverse supply-side shocks
- ➤ Inflationary pressures from import prices are considered low, due to a favourable shock on the leu effective exchange rate in early 2013 and moderate effects from external price increases
- ➤ The negative output gap continues to have a disinflationary impact throughout the forecast interval



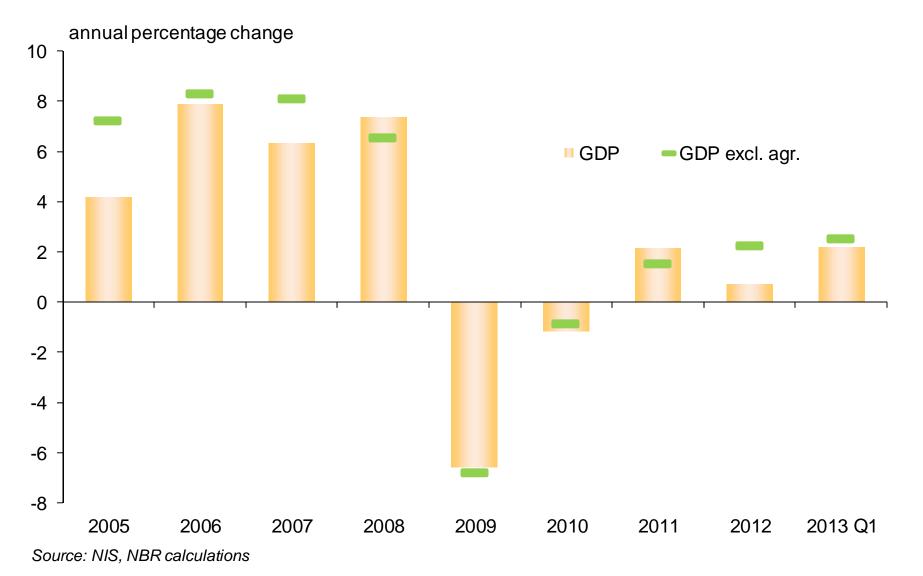
Note: The annual adjusted CORE2 inflation is calculated as a quarterly average, in line with its econometrically-modelled determinants.

Source: NBR calculations



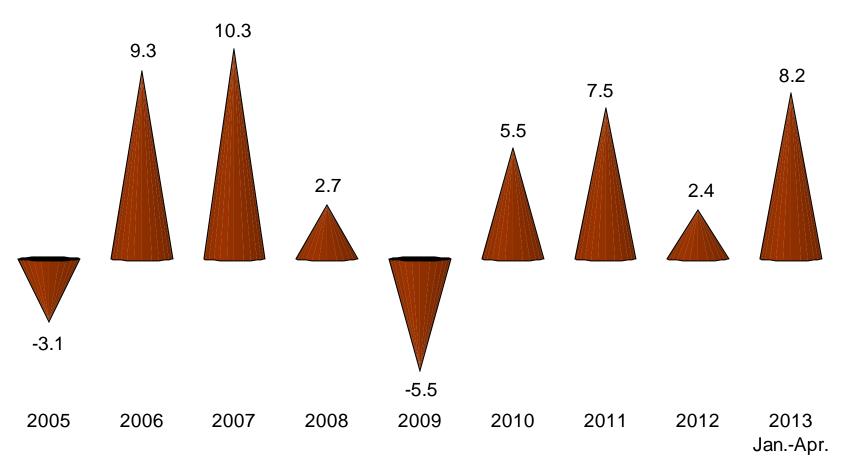
^{*)} backward- and forward-looking

Economic growth resumed in 2011 and is seen accelerating in 2013 ...



... largely as a result of strengthening industrial activity, ...

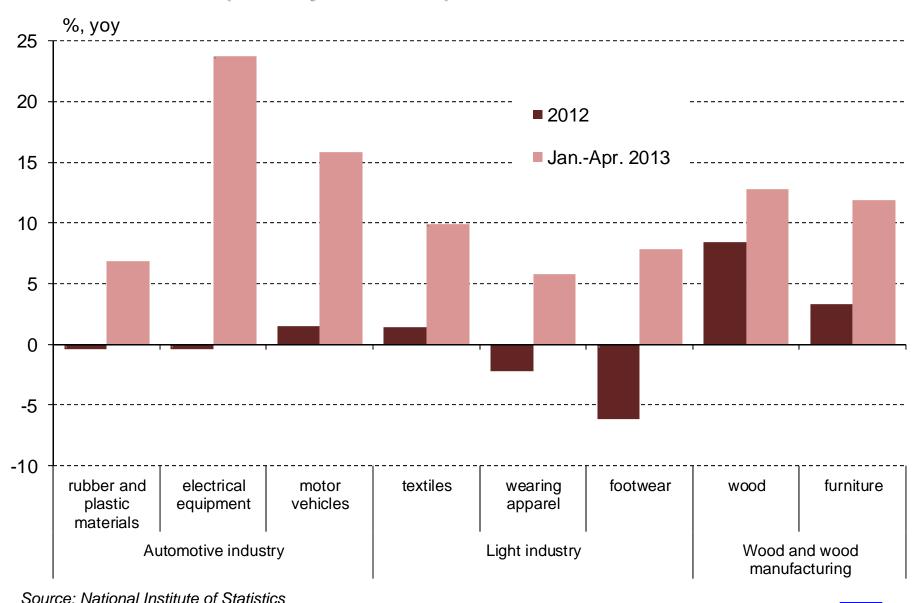
annual percentage change, gross data



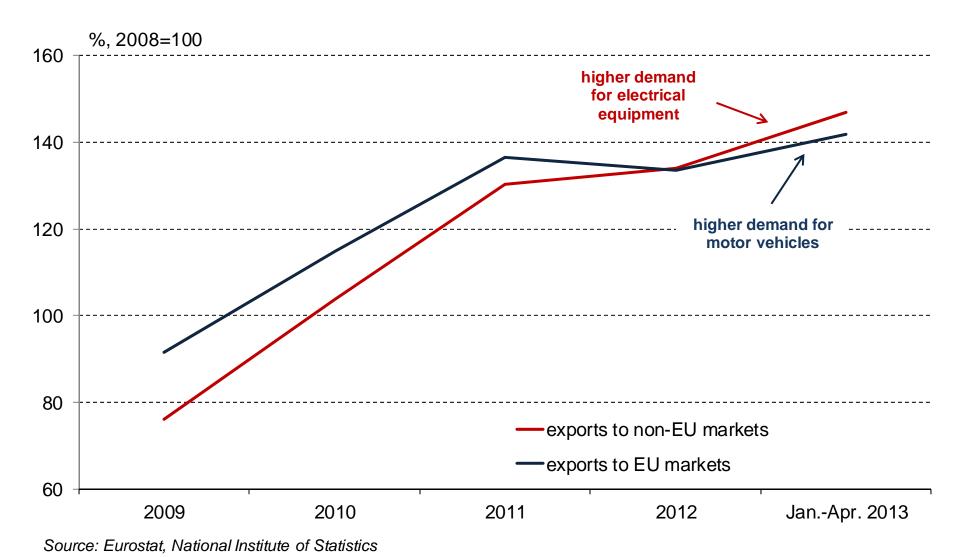
Apr.13/Apr.12: 18.9%; Apr.13/Mar.13: 4.0%

Source: National Institute of Statistics

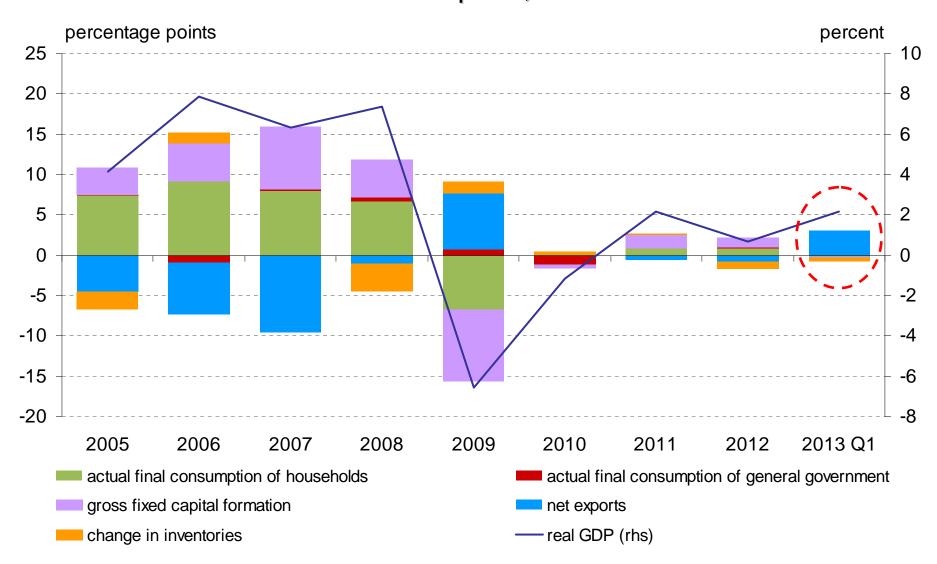
... especially in the export-oriented sectors...



... on account of rapidly increasing external demand from both EU and non-EU markets (particularly for the automotive sector)

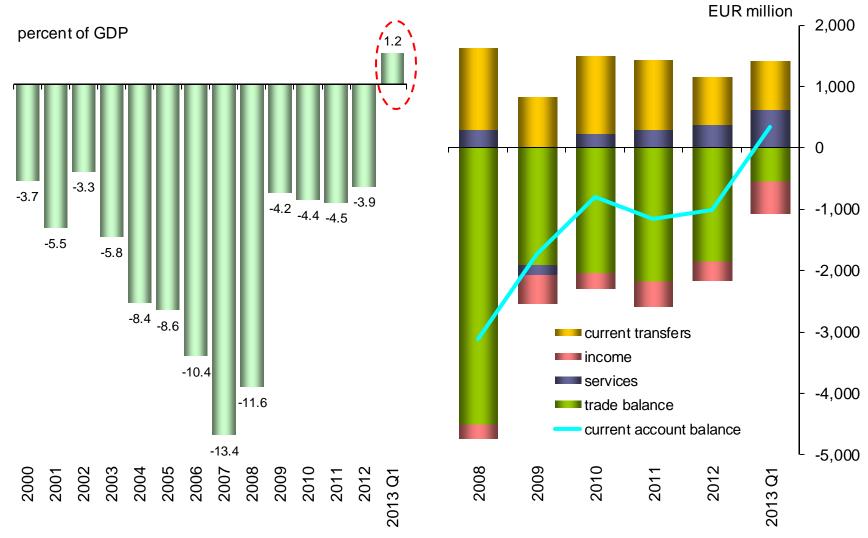


The recent spur in economic growth is therefore entirely attributable to net exports, ...



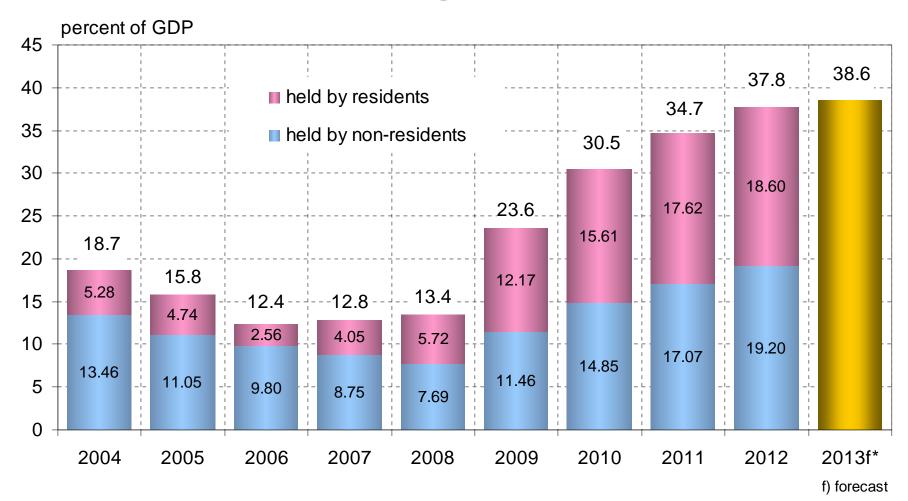
Source: National Institute of Statistics, National Bank of Romania calculations

... the favourable dynamics of which contributed to a significant improvement in the current account balance



Source: National Institute of Statistics

Public debt remains well below the Maastricht criterion and is seen stabilising under 39% of GDP, ...



Note: Government securities in MFIs portfolio as a share of GDP in Dec.07=1.4%, Dec.08=2.1%, Dec.09=7.1%, Dec.10=9.6%, Dec.11=10.8%, Dec.12=11.7% and Apr.13=10.8%

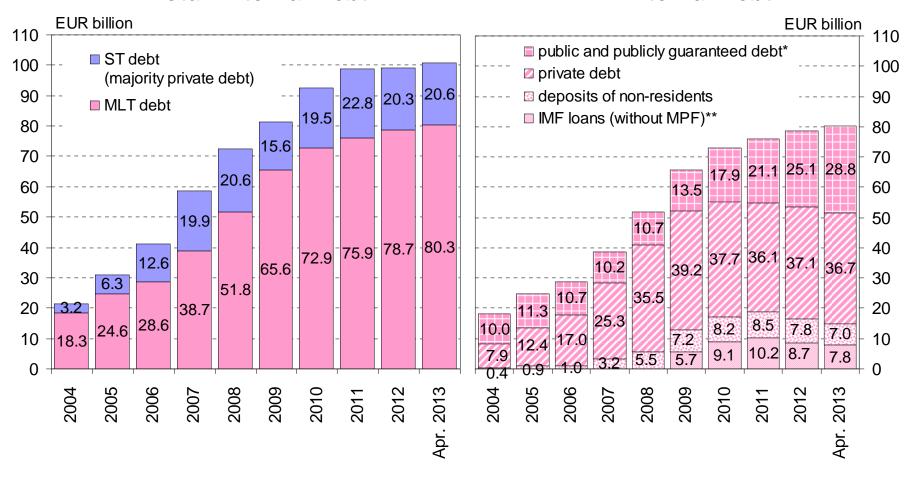
*) 2013-2016 Convergence Programme

Source: Ministry of Public Finance, National Bank of Romania, National Institute of Statistics

... but has been the sole contributor to the MLT external debt growth

Total External Debt

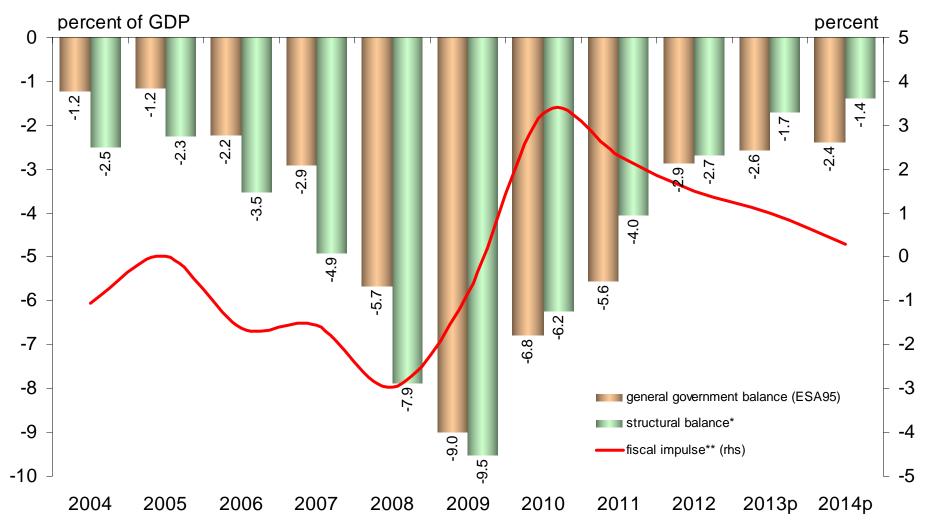
MLT External Debt



^{*)} external loans taken directly/guaranteed by the MPF and local general government in compliance with the legislation on public debt, including Government Emergency Ordinance No. 99/2009 ratifying the Stand-By Arrangement between Romania and the IMF

^{**)} IMF borrowings under the Stand-By Arrangement concluded with the IMF, excluding the amount received by the MPF from the IMF according to Government Emergency Ordinance No. 99/2009

After peaking at 9% of GDP in 2009, the public deficit was successfully brought down to below 3% in 2012 ...



^{*} defined as cyclically-adjusted balance net of one-off and temporary measures

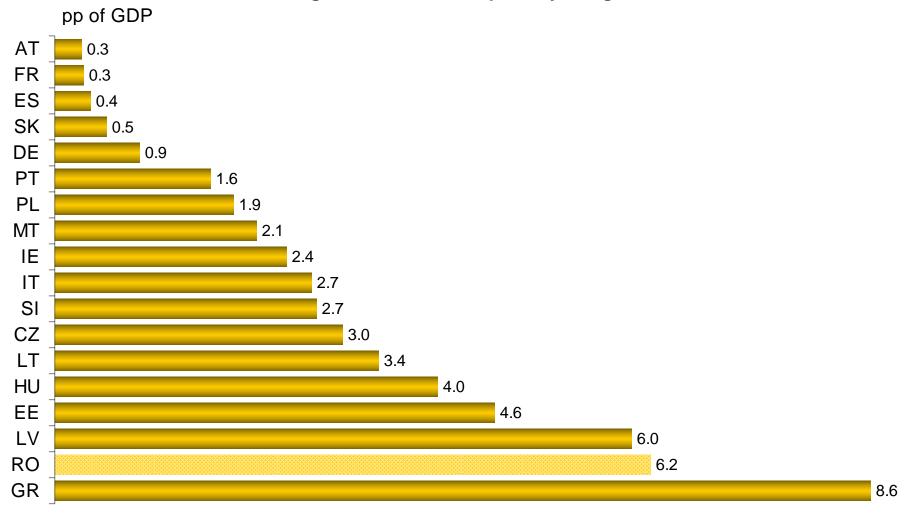
Source: AMECO, Ministry of Public Finance

p) projection

^{**} defined as the change in the structural primary budget balance (+ is fiscal consolidation)

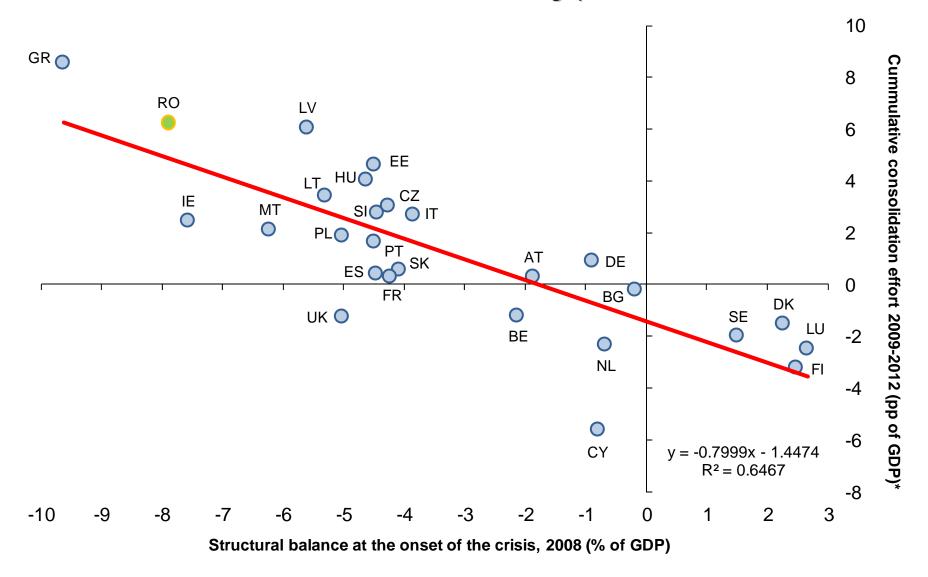
...as a result of the second largest fiscal consolidation effort in the EU ...

Cumulative change in the structural primary budget balance, 2009-2012



Source: AMECO, NBR calculations

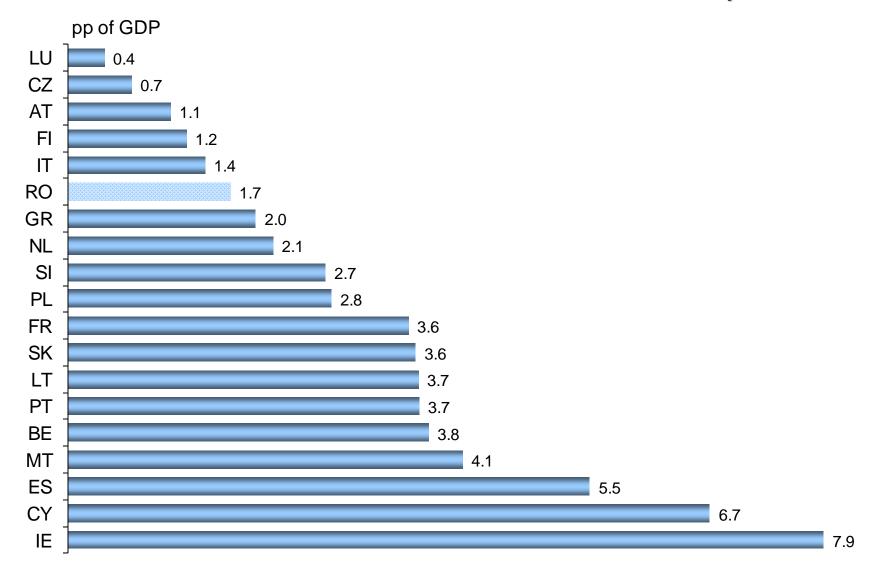
... which reflects the size of the fiscal gap at the crisis' onset



^{*} defined as the change in the primary structural budget balance in 2012 against 2008

Source: AMECO, NBR calculations

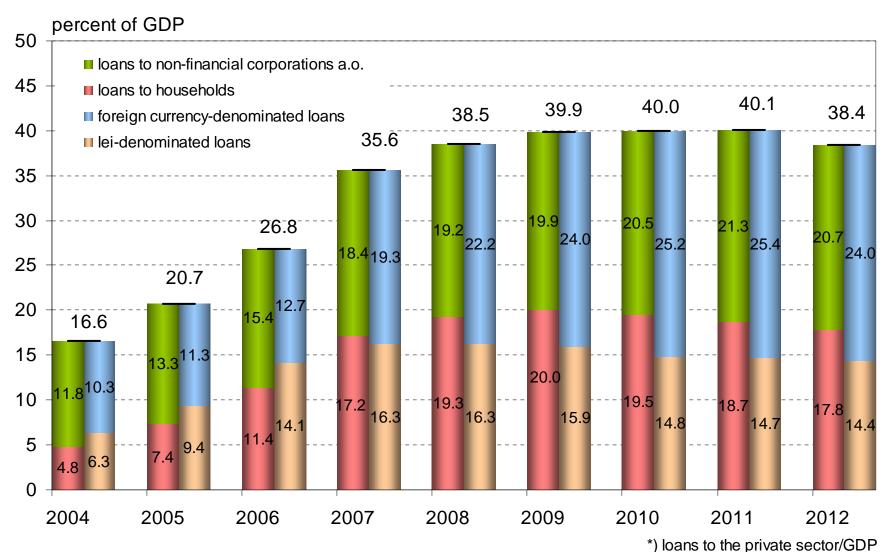
A comparatively small fiscal consolidation effort is left in order to reach the medium-term structural fiscal balance objective



Source: AMECO, NBR calculations

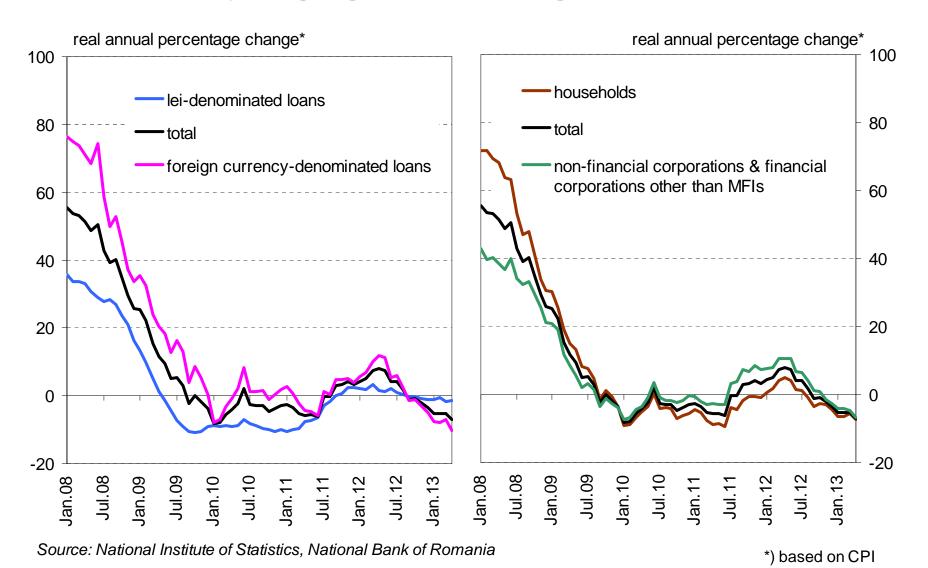
Banking System Developments

Deleveraging brought financial intermediation to its 2008 level ...



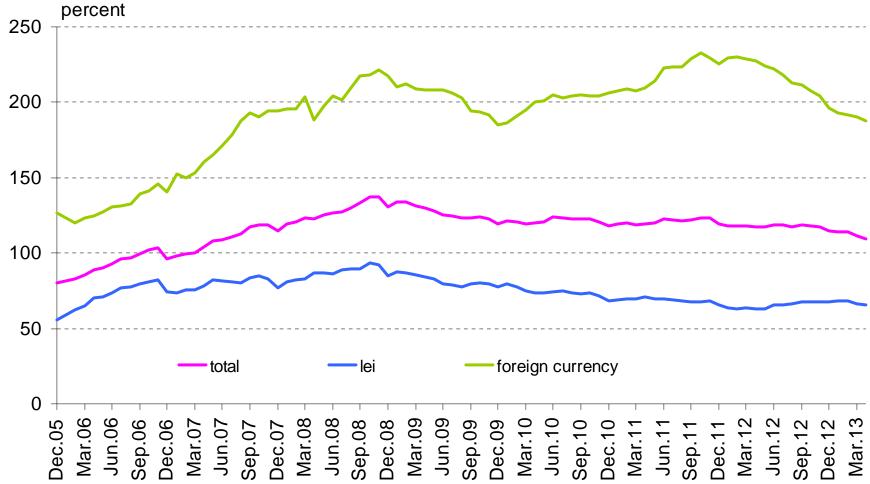
Source: National Institute of Statistics, National Bank of Romania

... with the stock of loans to both households and companies posting negative real annual growth rates



The main focus of deleveraging seems to have been FX lending, which has been the driver of the decline observed in the LTD ratio, ...

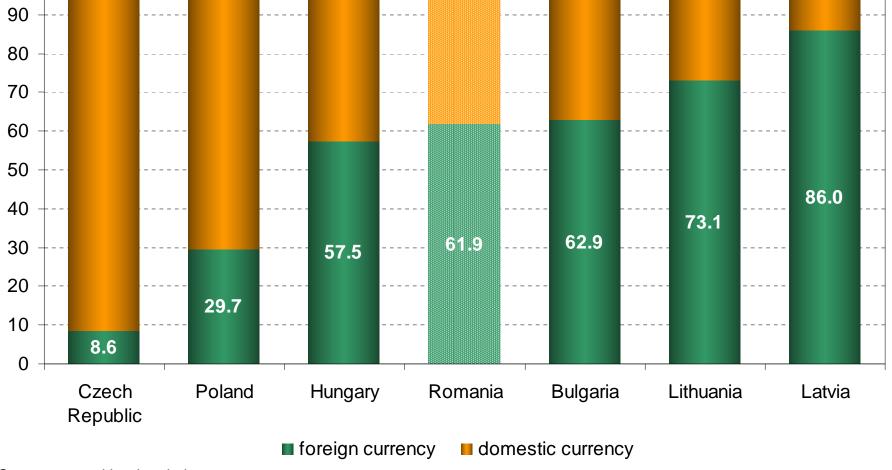




^{*} based on monetary survey data

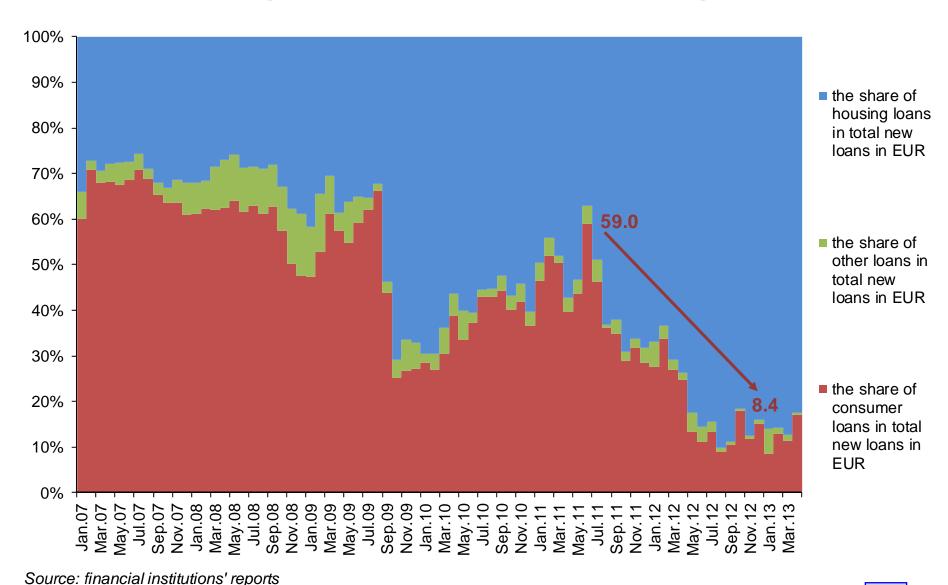
... a welcome development given that Romania has the highest share of FX lending among CEECs with a floating exchange-rate regime

The share of the foreign currency component in loans to the private sector - April 2013 percent 100 86.0 73.1 62.9 61.9 57.5

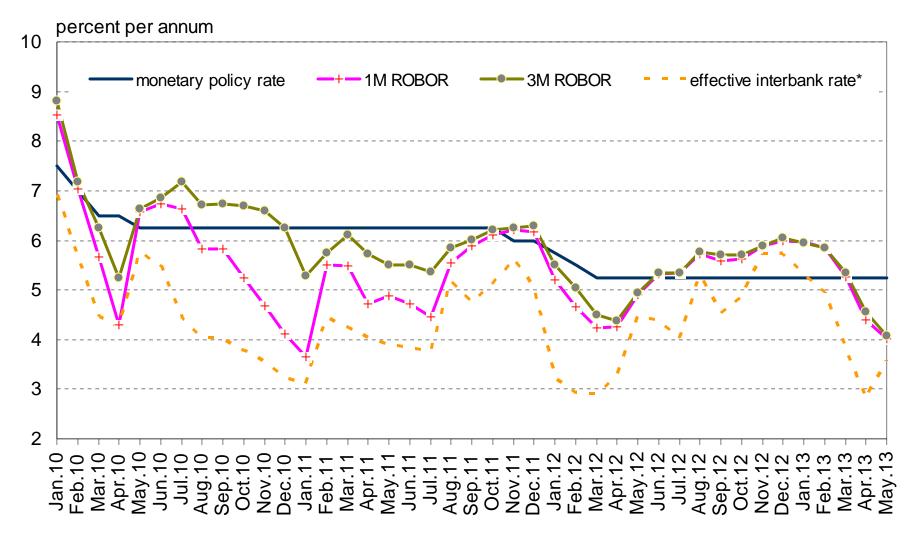


Source: central bank websites

Significant drop in FX consumer lending

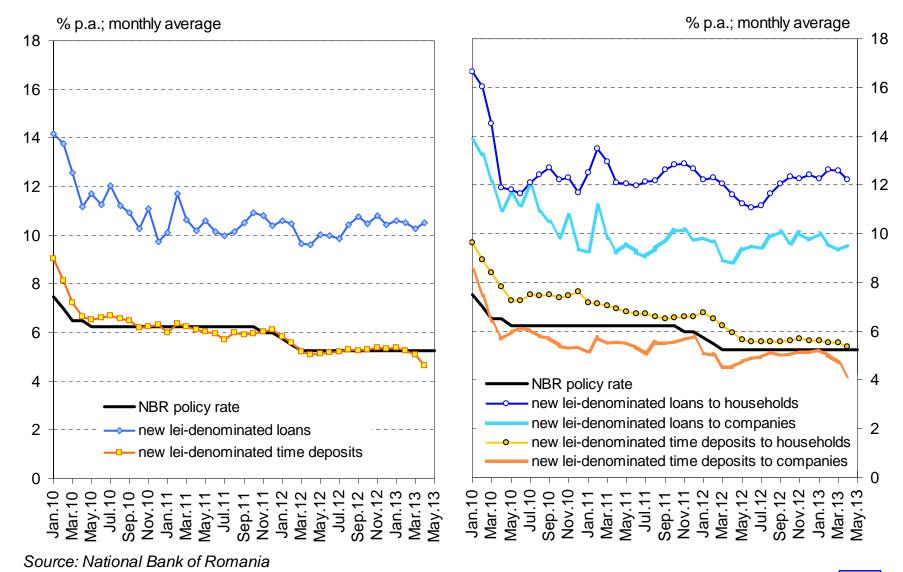


Interbank money-market interest rates declined significantly, ...

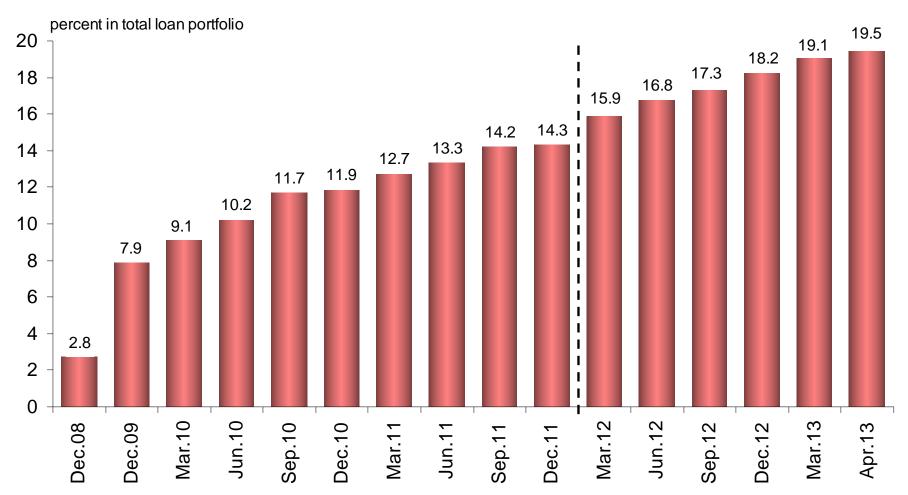


^{*} Weighted average for all transactions, irrespective of maturity, with overnight transactions holding the largest share.

... this decline being passed through slowly into lending rates and more visibly into deposit rates



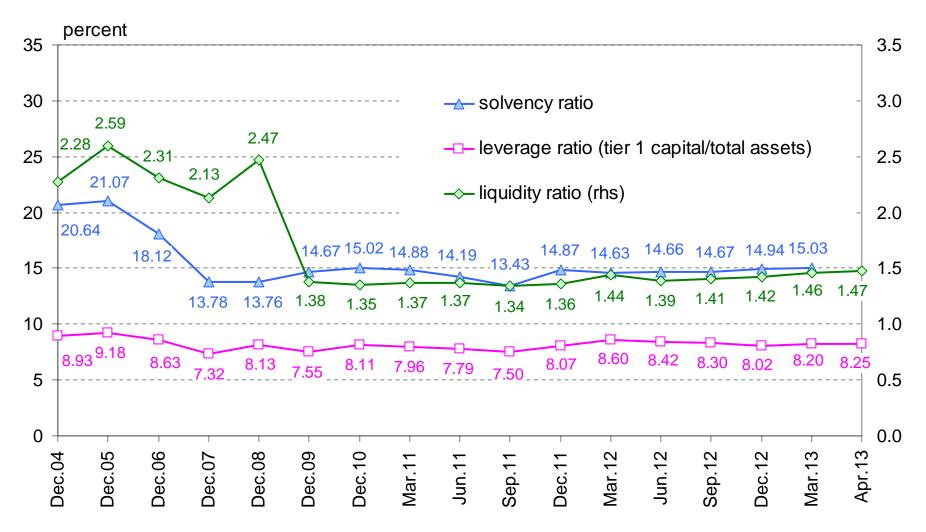
The peak in the NPL* ratio is yet to be reached



^{*)} The NPLs represent gross exposure of loans and related interest overdue for more than 90 days and/or for which legal proceedings were initiated. The definition is in line with the IMF's recommendations and allows international comparisons.

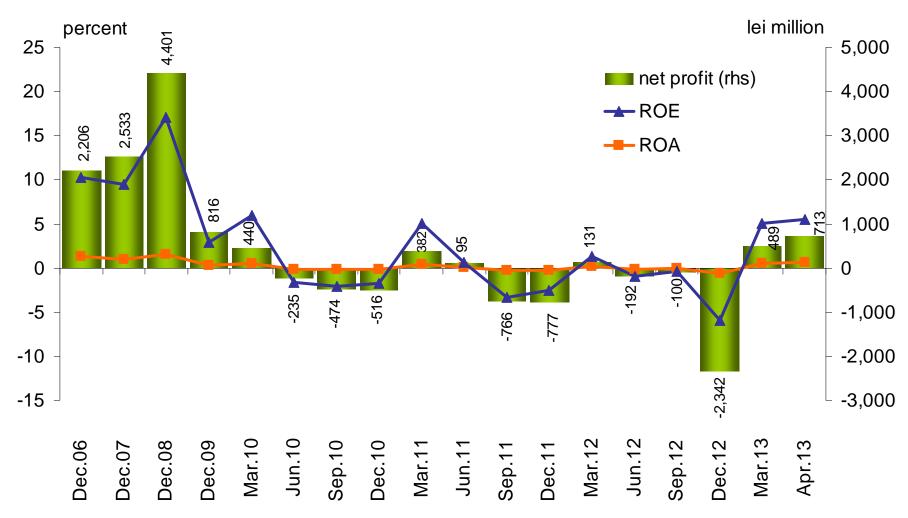
Note: Starting January 1, 2012, Romanian credit institutions apply the IFRS for accounting purposes.

The banking system remains liquid and well-capitalised ...



Note: Starting January 1, 2012, Romanian credit institutions apply the IFRS for accounting purposes.

... and its profitability improved significantly during the last months



Note: Starting January 1, 2012, Romanian credit institutions apply the IFRS for accounting purposes.

Financing Arrangement with the EU, IMF and other IFIs

Multilateral financing arrangement with the EU, IMF and other IFIs

A) Public debt

	Approved amount Drav		awn amount		Undrawn tranche	
	Approved amount		NBR	MPF	Officiawii tranche	
IMF						
- SDR billions	11.4	10.5	8.6	1.9	0.9	
- EUR billions*	12.9	11.9	9.8	2.1	1.0	

^{*} at the exchange rate on the arrangement approval date by the IMF Board (SDR 1 = EUR 1.1283)

	Approved amount	Drawn amount
EU (EUR billions)	5.0	5.0

	Approved amount	Drawn amount
World Bank (IBRD)		
EUR billions	1.0	1.0

B) Private debt

	Approved amount	Investment made**
EBRD, EIB, IFC (EUR billions)	1.0	1.3

^{**} Source: EBRD - Annual Report 2012



On this particular segment of the arrangement, financing was provided directly to private companies. The authorities have not been involved and do not conduct any type of monitoring (contractual conditions, repayment schedule, etc.).

C) Total amounts approved/drawn under the arrangement (EUR bn.)

	Approved amount	Drawn amount
NBR	10.5	9.5
MPF	8.4	8.4
Public sector – total	18.9	17.9
Private sector	1.0	1.3
TOTAL	19.9	19.2

Source: National Bank of Romania, Ministry of Public Finance

Repayments under the financing arrangement with the EU, IMF and other IFIs

A) REPAYMENTS MADE* (2009 - June 2013)

I. PRINCIPAL REPAYMENTS

II. INTEREST AND COMMISSION PAYMENTS :

SECTOR

0.92

0.92

TOTAL

MPF

0.22 0.44 0.04

0.70

EUR	PUBLIC SECTOR			EUR	PUBLIC SEC	
billions	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	billions	TOTAL	TOTAL
		NBR	MPF			NBR
IMF	3.63	3.10	0.53	IMF	1.14	0.92
EU				EU	0.44	
WB (IBRD)				WB (IBRD)	0.04	
TOTAL	3.63	3.10	0.53	TOTAL	1.62	0.92

EUR	PUBLIC SECTOR			
billions	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	
201.0		NBR	MPF	
IMF	4.77	4.02	0.75	
EU	0.44		0.44	
WB (IBRD)	0.04		0.04	
TOTAL	5.25	4.02	1.23	

B) FUTURE REPAYMENTS**

I. PRINCIPAL REPAYMENTS

II. INTEREST AND COMMISSION PAYMENTS

PUBLIC SECTOR		
TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
	NBR ¹	MPF ²
8.62	6.90	1.72
5.00		5.00
1.00		1.00
14.62	6.90	7.72
	8.62 5.00 1.00	TOTAL TOTAL NBR ¹ 8.62 6.90 5.00 1.00

EUD	PUBLIC SECTOR			
EUR billions	TOTAL	TOTAL NBR ¹	TOTAL MPF ²	
IMF	0.27	0.23	0.04	
EU	0.65		0.65	
WB (IBRD)	0.20		0.20	
TOTAL	1.12	0.23	0.89	

EUR billions	PUBLIC SECTOR TOTAL TOTAL NBR¹ MPF²		
IMF	8.90	7.14	1.76
EU	5.65		5.65
WB (IBRD)	1.20		1.20
TOTAL	15.75	7.14	8.61

^{**} the amounts due to the IMF were converted into EUR at the exchange rate on 31 May 2013 (SDR 1 = EUR 1.1542)

Notes: final repayment to the IMF - February 2016 final repayment to the EC - April 2019 final repayment to the WB - December 2023

Source: National Bank of Romania, Ministry of Public Finance

^{*} repayments to the IMF have been converted into EUR at the exchange rate on the repayment date

¹⁾ NBR: Jul. 2013 - Dec. 2016; 2) MPF: Jul. 2013 - Dec. 2023